

## Northern Hemisphere Pink Experts Working Group



- ICES WGDIAD/NPAFC Inter-ocean-basin expert group on Pink salmon range expansion
- Idea spawned at the 2016 NASCO meeting
- Further developed after the 2021 Atlantic-Pacific Salmon Round Table
- Virtual meetings during spring/summer 2022
- October 2022 meeting in Vancouver to evaluate changes in distribution & abundance in the Northern hemisphere



Northern Hemisphere Pink Salmon Workshop Attendees Oct 2-3 2022

### **Pink Salmon Life-cycle**

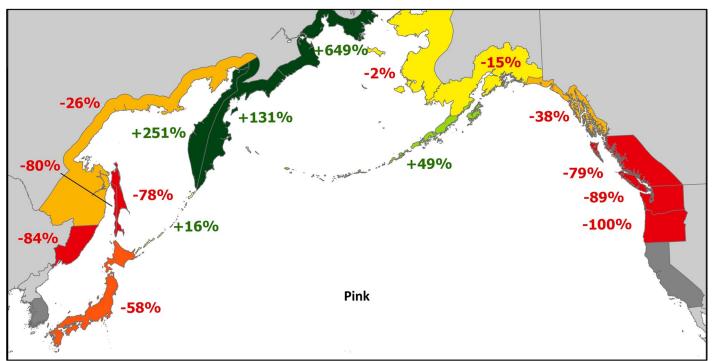
ICES CIEM

- Strict two-year lifecycle
- Genetically distinct odd & even-year broodlines
- Very short freshwater stage
- Most abundant anadromous salmonid in the North Pacific
- Homing not precise, sometimes to areas of coastline rather than individual rivers
- Boom & bust cycles



#### **Recent Changes in Pink Salmon Abundance in N Pacific**





Comparison of average annual Pacific pink salmon catch by species & region 2017-2021 vs. 2007-2016

## Changes in distribution and abundance of Pink salmon

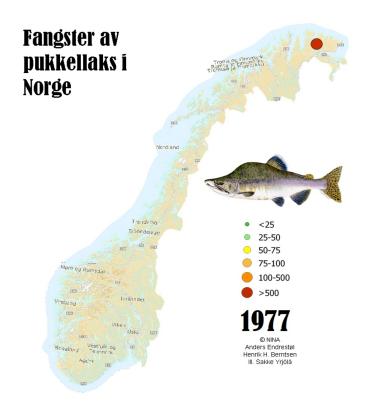




≥ 100+

## **Changes in Distribution and Abundance of Pink Salmon**

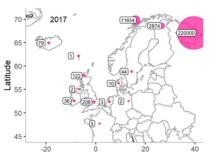


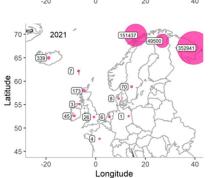


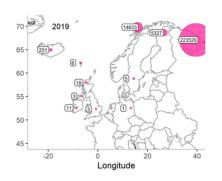


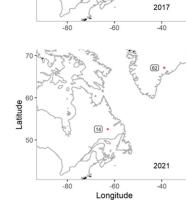
## Changes in distribution and abundance of Pink salmon

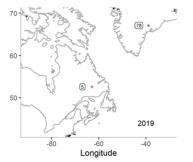








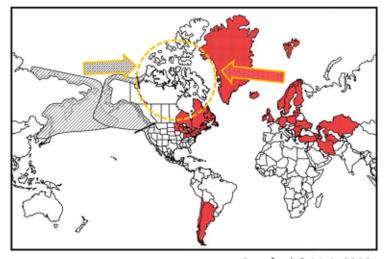




## North American Arctic Expansions: Where are they from?



Expansions from the Pacific native range



Crawford & Muir 2008

Expansions from introduced populations in the Atlantic

# Potential Ecological Consequences (+ positive; - negative) of Invasive Pink Salmon

#### Marine

- Interspecific competition for food
- Trophic cascade effects
- Predation on juvenile fish
- + Food source
- + Harvesting opportunities

#### **Freshwater**

- Interspecific competition in spawning areas
- Decaying pinks & low flow could -> to low 0<sub>2</sub> -> mortality of other salmonids
- Pathogens
- Pink carcasses, eggs and fry -> nutrients
   for ecosystem & food for other fish

#### **Current Pink Salmon Monitoring Approaches Outside Native Range**

#### **Environmental DNA**

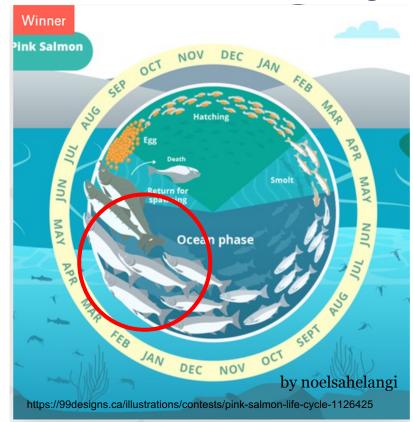
Sampling of subsistence harvest (Arctic & Greenland)

Opportunistic marine sampling (Norwegian herring survey)

Adult sampling in freshwater primarily using existing Atlantic salmon escapement monitoring infrastructure

Genetic analysis of origin

Ad-hoc reports commercial & recreational fishers



#### Differences among nations re Management of Alien Pink salmon

#### Approaches not Consistent

Norway: extensive eradication programme gov't policy but some advocate sustainable fisheries

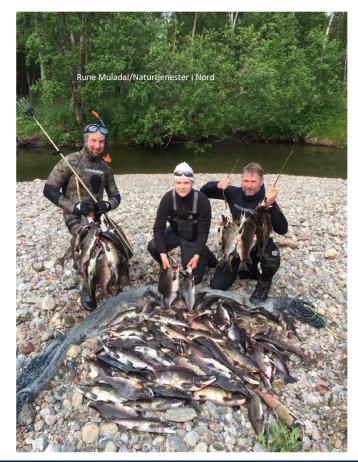
Finland: unwanted, but no eradication programme

Russian Federation: manage Pink salmon as a resource (in Barents & White Sea areas)

**UK (England & Wales): prohibit releases once caught** 

UK (Northern Ireland): existing legislation regards Pink salmon same as Atlantic salmon

Canadian Arctic - generally unwanted but increasing concerns



#### **Future Collaborations on Pink salmon**



- ICES Working Group North Atlantic Salmon (WGNAS): recommendation for annual reporting of Pink salmon in North Atlantic
- NASCO standing working group on Pink Salmon (future)
- ICES/PICES/NPAFC Working Group Pink Salmon (recommended)
- Northern Hemisphere Pink Salmon Experts Group
- Need to engage ICES Working Group Baltic Salmon and Sea trout (WGBAST)

#### **Future Research & Management Priorities**



- Coordinating collection of baseline abundance, ecological and climate related data
- Focussed freshwater monitoring of juvenile Pink salmon in North Atlantic/Arctic & marine monitoring in N Atlantic
- Sampling designs to monitor impacts of Pink salmon in the North
  Atlantic/Arctic (e.g. capitalize on natural experiment in Atlantic (odd years
  have pinks, even years do not))
- Evaluate selective capture & removal methods (e.g. purse and beach seines, reef nets. resistance board floating weirs, traps, fences, fish wheels)
- Better understanding of ecosystem linkages; interactions among species; improved application of eDNA, modern genetic tools, and modelling approaches





#### **Expect the Unexpected, Especially with Climate Change!**

- Changes in migration timing, age composition, habitat use??

#### Pinks are on the Move!

- Approaching N American Arctic:
  - from the east (Russia->Norway->Britain->Greenland >Labrador->E Canadian Arctic->?)
  - and the West (N Pacific->W N Amer Arctic->?)

### Collaboration (sharing knowledge) & Outreach are Key!

## **Questions/Discussion?**



